

IFIA Seminar on EU Money Market Fund Regulation

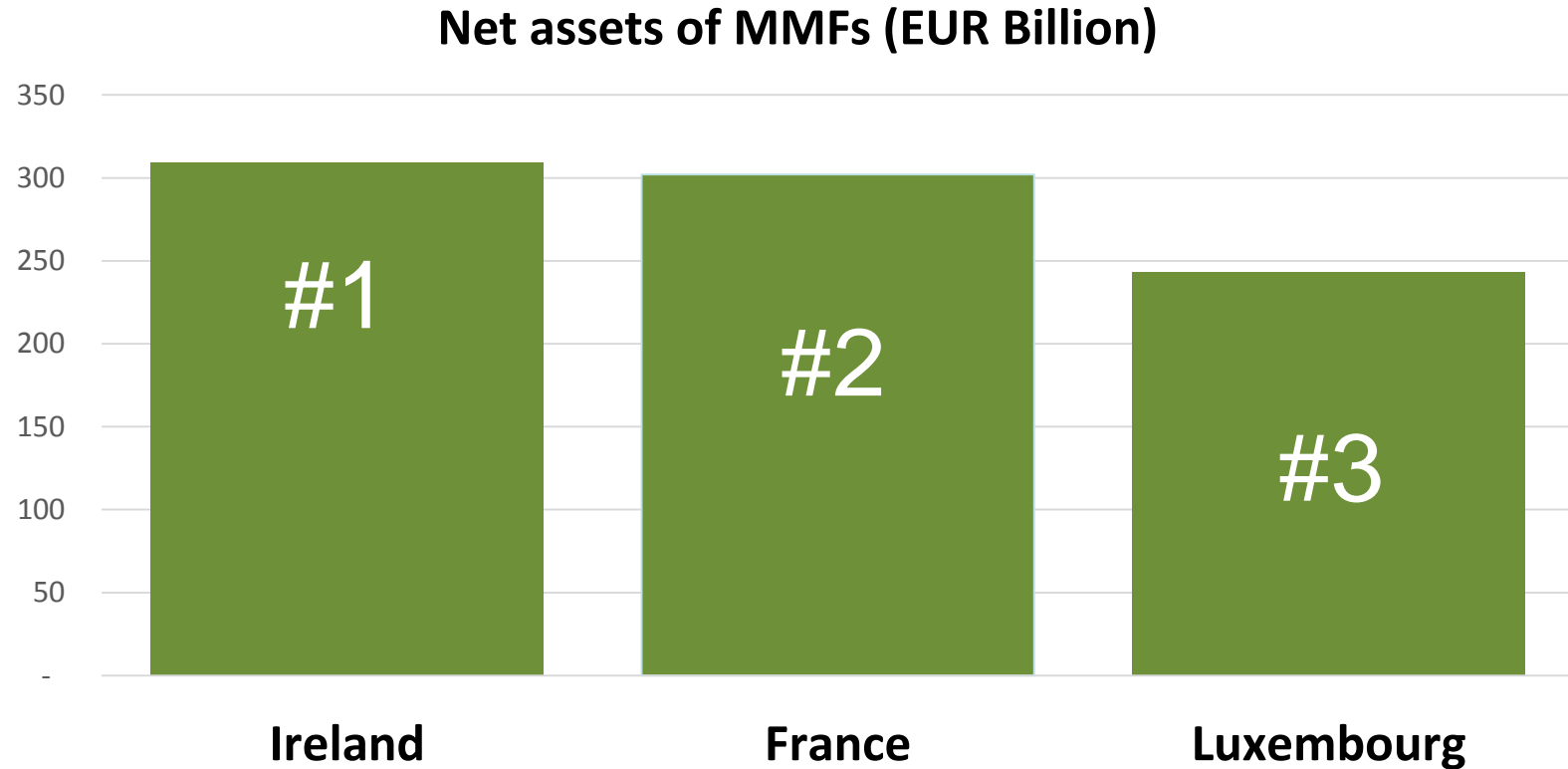
Dublin, 23 January 2015

why?Ireland™
excellence · innovation · reach

www.irishfunds.ie

ifia
IRISH FUNDS
INDUSTRY
ASSOCIATION

EU domiciled Money Market Funds



Source: EFAMA, September 2014

Agenda

- Overview of the key developments on the MMF file
- Insights on the latest developments in the European Parliament from MEP Brian Hayes
- Panel discussion on the current proposals and options, providing an investor, manager, legal and operational perspective
- Q&A

MMF Regulation

Overview of key developments

Patrick Rooney

Regulatory Affairs Manager

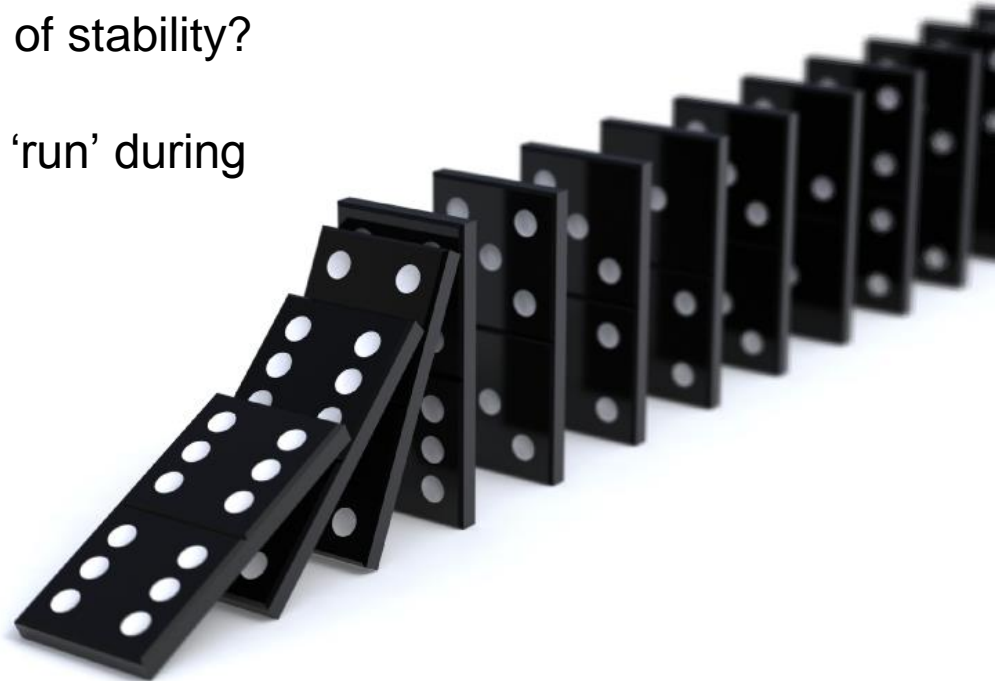
IFIA

why?Ireland™
excellence · innovation · reach

ifia
IRISH FUNDS
INDUSTRY
ASSOCIATION

Why MMF reform?

- International research on “shadow banking” following the financial crisis
- MMFs viewed as “systemically important” due to links to real economy
- FSB and ESRB recommendations
- Constant NAV = false impression of stability?
- Address the risk from an investor ‘run’ during stressed market conditions
- Prevent market contagion



Commission proposal

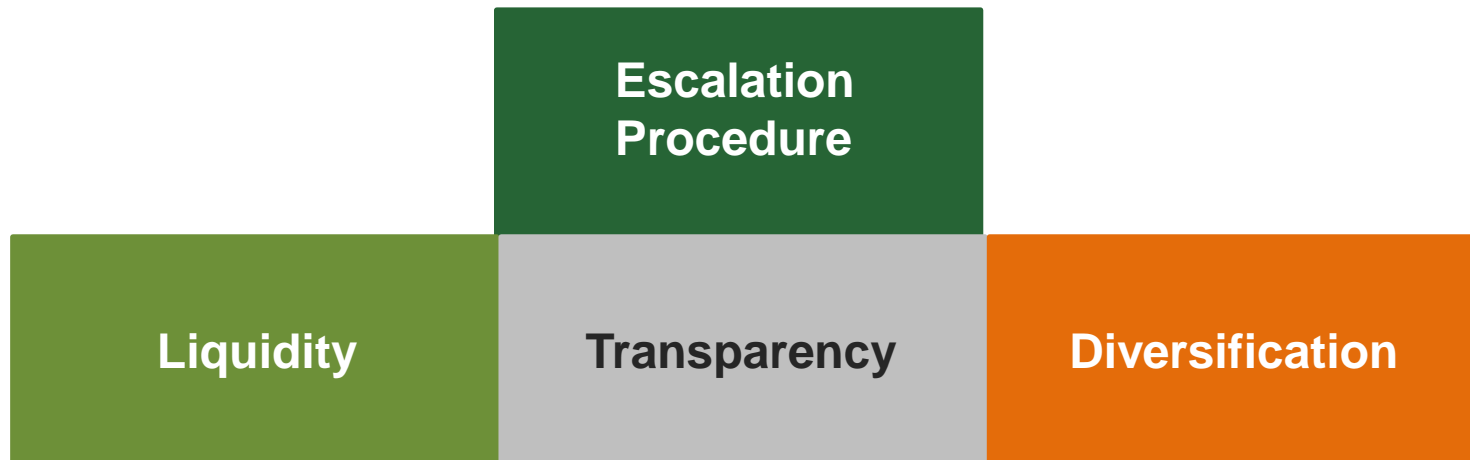
- 3% capital buffer
- Prohibition on sponsor support
- Valuations and use of amortised cost accounting
- Eligible assets – restrictions on ABCP and reverse repos
- Credit assessment – ban on external ratings
- Liquidity
- Diversification
- Risk management
- Disclosure and transparency

Addressing the key risk

Most effective way to prevent a run

=

Liquidity fees + redemption gates



Council of Ministers

- Italian Presidency (July 2014 – December 2014)
- Intensive period of discussions on the MMF file but ultimately a compromise solution could not be achieved
- The Progress Report highlights the most disputed issue as “the definition of the scope and treatment of constant NAV MMFs”

Proposals

- Mandatory conversion to VNAV versus Stable NAV MMF
- Retail/Small Professional CNAV MMF
- **Low Volatility NAV (LV-NAV) MMF**
- **Variable Shares MMF**

LV-NAV MMF

- CNAVs convert to Low Volatility NAV (LV-NAV) MMF
- NAV rounded to three decimal places
- Share price would remain stable at 1.00 between 0.995 and 1.005
- Amortised cost accounting for the short term portfolio (<90 days)
- Valuation by an independent third party
- Fees and gates
- Liquidity standards (10% daily and 30% weekly)
- *Capital buffer*
- *Transition to VNAV after 2-5 years*

Variable Shares MMF

- CNAVs convert to a variable shares mechanism where the number of shares held by an investor is adjusted in line with market movements, while maintaining a stable NAV
- Investor's amount of shares (and the monetary amount of their holding) will change but not the NAV
- Drawing inspiration from the current variable share practice developed to address the negative interest rate environment in Europe
- Requires a move to model based pricing to make daily adjustments to the amount of shares held
- Significant operational challenges?
- Investor appetite?

Neena Gill Report

- EU Public Debt CNAV MMF – must invest up to 80% of its assets in public debt instruments of EU Member States by 2020 (now reduced to **60%**)
- A risk based capital buffer to be applied on a sliding scale until the Public Debt CNAV MMF reaches 80% investment in EU public debt
- A further exemption for Retail CNAV MMF, with a broad definition of “retail”
- Amortised cost accounting permitted only for instruments with maturities not exceeding 60 days
- Fees and gates applied to CNAVs, except EU Public Debt MMFs
- External support is not permitted unless it is notified to approved by the European Commission
- Increased transparency and liquidity requirements
- ESMA should establish a new Department for supervising and advising on the functioning of MMFs

MEP Amendments

- 800+ Amendments tabled
- **EPP:** Shadow Brian Hayes introduces three categories of CNAV's: Government CNAV MMF, Retail CNAV MMF and Low Volatility NAV MMF
- **S&D:** Various approach to ending CNAV's including an LV-NAV transition and application of a capital buffer
- **ECR:** Shadow Kamall takes the same approach as last term, deleting all references to the capital buffer in favour of fees and gates approach
- **ALDE:** Shadow Jezek proposes a Variable Shares Mechanism
- **Greens:** Shadow Joly endorses buffer but goes further by asking for it to be put in place by 31 December 2015

MMF Regulation

Insights from the European Parliament

Brian Hayes

MEP and Member of the ECON Committee

Shadow Rapporteur on the MMF Regulation

MMF Regulation

Panel discussion

Moderator

Kevin Murphy, Chair of the IFIA MMF Working Group and Partner,
Arthur Cox Solicitors

Panellists

- **Lorcan Travers**, Manager - Investment and Liquidity, Johnson & Johnson European Treasury Company
- **Debbie Cunningham**, Chief Investment Officer, Federated Investors
- **Michael Quigley**, Head of Money Market Fund Accounting and Money Market Product, State Street Fund Services Ireland
- **Declan Cronin**, Director - Head of Fund Accounting Oversight, BlackRock

MMF Proposals

EU Commission's Proposals	Italian Presidency's Variable Shares Mechanism	Italian Presidency's LVNAV Proposal	Neena Gill Report	Brian Hayes Proposals
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3% capital buffer for CNAV – otherwise mandatory conversion to VNAV • Liquidity • Diversification • Disclosure and transparency • Restrictions on ABCP 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No of shares adjusted while maintaining stable NAV • Uses model based pricing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CNAV convert to LV NAV • Rounded to 3 decimal places • Capital buffer • Amortised cost < 90 days • Fees and gates • Enhanced liquidity reqs • Transition to VNAV 2 – 5 years 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EU Public Debt CNAV (with minimum of 60% in EU Govt public debt) • Risk based capital buffer • Retail CNAV exemption • Amortised cost < 60 days • Fees and gates • Increased transparency and liquidity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government liquidity CNAV (includes US Treasuries) • Retail CNAV • LVNAV <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Amortised cost for secs with maturity < 90 days and all govt secs ➢ 25% cap on investing in non-govt secs with maturity > 90 days • Fees and gates • Enhanced liquidity requirements • Diversification • Disclosure and transparency

MMF Regulation

Q&A

Disclaimer:

The material contained in this document is for general information and reference purposes only and is not intended to provide legal, tax, accounting, investment, financial or other professional advice on any matter, and is not to be used as such. Further, this document is not intended to be, and should not be taken as, a definitive statement of either industry views or operational practice with respect to Money Market Funds or otherwise.

The contents of this document may not be comprehensive or up-to-date, and neither the IFIA, nor any of its member firms, shall be responsible for updating any information contained within this document.

IFIA, 10th Floor, One George's Quay Plaza, George's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland

Email: info@irishfunds.ie

Tel: +353 (0)1 675 3200

Website: www.irishfunds.ie